

## Self-Assessment Exercise: Computational Finance

**Question 1.** In the context of binomial distribution, we consider tossing a coin three times. What is the set of all possible outcomes  $\Omega$ ?

- If  $p(H) = p$ ,  $p(T) = q = 1 - p$ , and the tosses are independent, what is the probability of each element  $\omega \in \Omega$ ?
- Consider the event  $A$ : “The first toss is a head”. What are its outcomes and  $p(A)$ ?

**Question 2.** Consider the space of two coin tosses  $\Omega = \{HH, HT, TH, TT\}$ , and let stock prices be given by

$$S_0 = 100, S_1(H) = 120, S_1(T) = 80, S_2(HH) = 140, S_2(HT) = 100, S_2(TH) = 100, S_2(TT) = 60.$$

- List all the sets in  $\sigma(S_1)$  ( $\sigma$ -algebra generated by  $S_1$ )
- Define the random variable

$$X = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } S_2 = 100, \\ 0, & \text{if } S_2 \neq 100, \end{cases}$$

list all the sets in  $\sigma(X)$ .

**Question 3.** Suppose  $X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma)$  and  $Y = a + bX$ , where  $a$  and  $b$  are constant, and  $b \neq 0$ . Determine the expectation  $E[Y]$ , the variance  $Var[Y]$  and the distribution function of  $Y$ .

**Question 4.** A positive random variable  $X$  is log-normally distributed with the probability density function

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x\sigma\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{(\ln x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) & \text{for } x > 0, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Calculate the expectation and variance of  $X$  as  $E[X] = \exp\left(\mu + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}\right)$  and  $Var[X] = \left(\exp(\sigma^2) - 1\right) \exp(2\mu + \sigma^2)$ , respectively.

**Question 5.** Let  $f \in C^6(\mathbb{R})$  and  $x, h \in \mathbb{R}$ , using the Taylor series show that

$$f''(x) = \frac{1}{h^2} \left\{ -\frac{1}{12}f(x+2h) + \frac{4}{3}f(x+h) - \frac{5}{2}f(x) + \frac{4}{3}f(x-h) - \frac{1}{12}f(x-2h) \right\} + \mathcal{O}(h^4)$$

for  $h \rightarrow 0$ .

**Question 6.** Suppose that the stock price is modelled by

$$S_{j+1} = S_j \cdot \left(1 + r\Delta t + \sigma\sqrt{\Delta t}Z_j\right),$$

where  $Z_j$  is the standard normally distributed random variable,  $j = 0, \dots, N$ . Write a Python (or Matlab/Julia) function to visualize the trajectories of the stock price for  $S_0 = 100$ ,  $\Delta t = 0.01$ ,  $r = 0.02$ ,  $\sigma = 0.1, 0.2, 0.5$ .